







Developing an Evidence-Informed Approach to Human Services Programming: Translating Research into Practice

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Why Use an Evidence-Informed Approach?



- Research studies and the value of integrating the most appropriate research and evidence in order to achieve improved client outcomes.
- Evidence-informed practice (EIP) has become an emerging component of the delivery of a variety of human services.
- The Federal government continues to push for the use of evidence across the board in government programming.



Challenges and Concerns Implementing EIP in Human Services Field

- Capacity of some social service agencies or programs
- Relevance, applicability, and adoptability of EIP concepts to direct service contexts.



ICF Research



Qualitative description analysis to gather information from participants in a nationally-funded pilot targeted to improving EIP institutionalization, findings included:

- (1) Inconsistent understanding and utilization of evidence in program design and implementation;
- (2) Common inhibitors and universal facilitators to integrating EIP in actual practice; and
- (3) Consistent need for continuous support and training for sustainability of EIP in the human services.

Lessons Learned



- Program Model & Implementation
 - Context: Unintended Impact
 - Program Theory: Good Evidence
 - Prioritizing: Clients needs vs. Evidence Informed Practices
- Making Data Actionable
 - Balance quantitative data with qualitative data
 - Balance aggregated and disaggregated data
 - Competition data demands

Lessons Learned - Continued

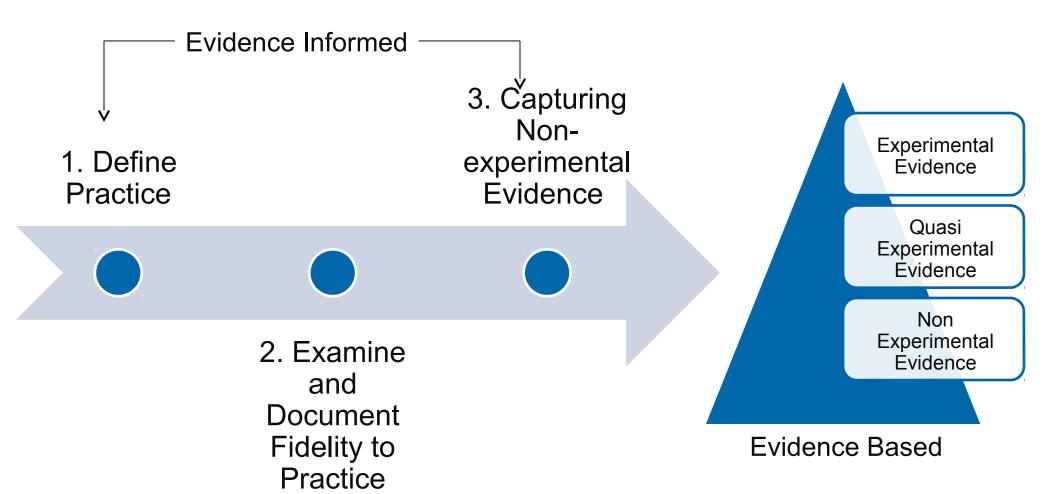


- Disconnect between funders, policymakers and researchers
 - Variation in expectations
 - Availability of lessons learned
 - Generalizability of the research

Research to Practice to research

Generating Evidence: The Evidence Pathway





Importance of Technical Assistance

Moving Innovation Forward by Buil ding Evidence of Effectiveness

Evidence Informed





- -Conduct pre-/postintervention evaluation to measure outcomes
 - -Conduct process evaluation

- -Carry out evaluation with a comparison group (quasiexperimental design)
- -Conduct regression analysis (quasiexperimental design)
- -Perform multiple preand post-evaluations (time series design)
- -Conduct meta-analysis of various studies

- -Conduct evaluation with random assignment (RCT)
- -Carry out multiple evaluations with strong comparison group (quasi-experimental design)

Create or Refine:

- -Logic Model
- -Implementation Materials

- -Evaluate program's quality
- -Document program's process
- -Establish continuous process improvement protocols

Adapted from: Wilson-Simmons, R. (2012, March). Annie E. Casey Foundation Center for Effective Family Services & Systems . PowerPoint presented at the Promising Pathways Innovation Institute, Washington, DC.

Final Thoughts



- Leadership Matters
- Value of a Data Specialist
- Tools are Valued and Empowering

What is needed is a culture that promotes learning from individual promising practices, as well as clusters of programs and initiatives with similar goals that can be adapted to a new context. It should become a continuous cycle of innovating, testing and reassessing, supporting optimal implementation. Understanding what worked, how and for whom, provides greater opportunities for scale up.